TIJUCA NATIONAL PARK A FOREST IN THE METROPOLIS



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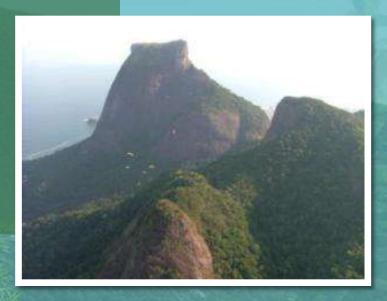




SUBJECTS

- 1 Features of the Tijuca National Park
- 2 Environmental Services
- 3 Conflicting Activities
- 4 Ease Tools for Management





Location City of Rio de Janeiro (Brazil)



The Park amounts to about 3,5% of the city





Average annual temperature: 22 ° C (71.6° F)

Average annual precipitation: 2.500 mm

Maximum altitude: 1.021 m

Biome: Atlantic Forest



Biodiversity: 328 animal species



Biodiversity: 1.619 species of plants

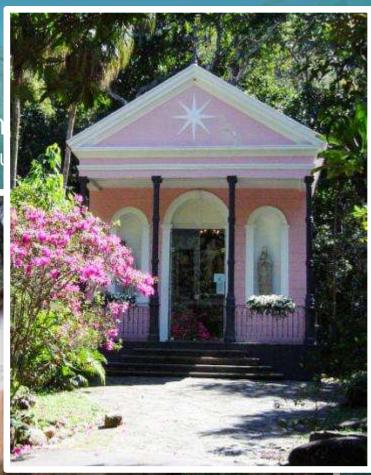


cultural heritage of the Park





(Wallace's Fount)



Capel a Mayrink

(Mayrink Chapel)

Some of the Most famous attractions





Average revenue per year

R\$ 8.000.000,00

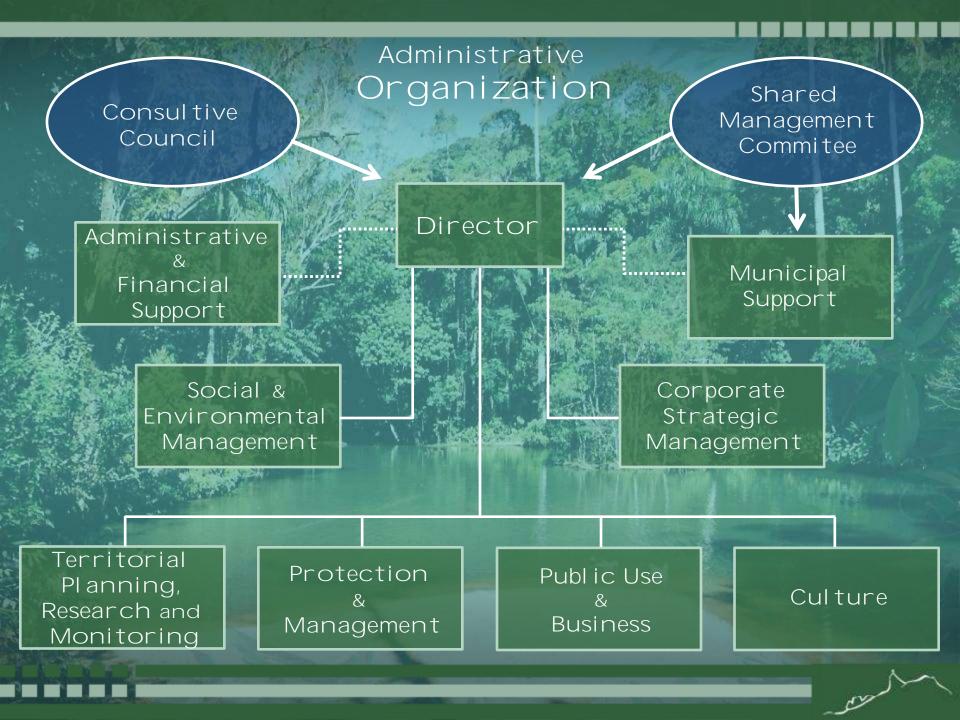
(€ 3.551.451,00 *)

Average expenditure *per year*

R\$ 3.700.000,00

(€ 1.642.036,00 *)

* Converted on August 18, 2010

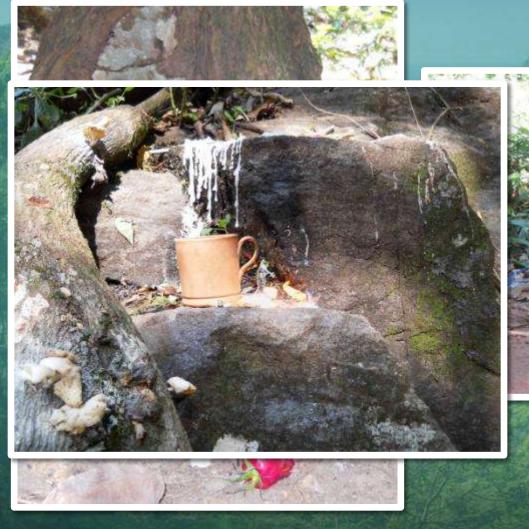


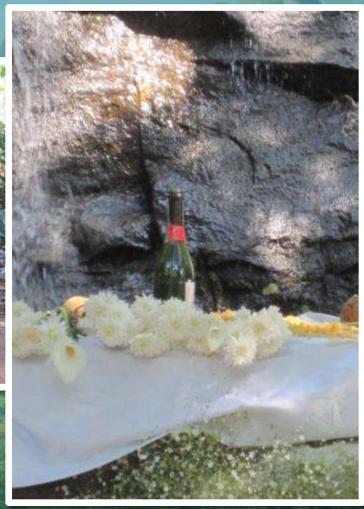
Environmental Services

- - - ◆ Alleviation of flooding
 - ◆ Attenuation of thermic variations and local climate regulation
 - Reduction of air and noise pollution

Conflicting Activities

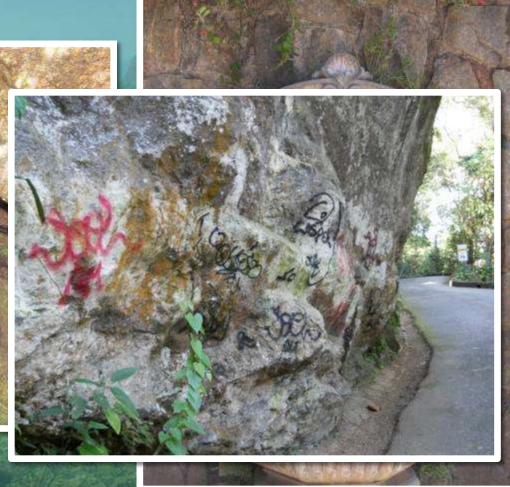
Religious Practices





<u>Inappropriate</u> <u>Public Use</u>





Plants Extraction & Pouching







<u>Introduction</u> <u>of Species</u>





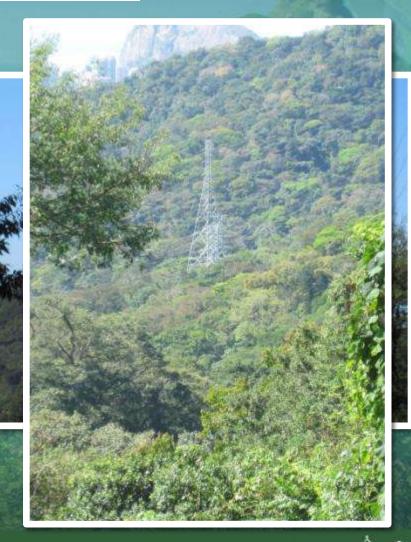


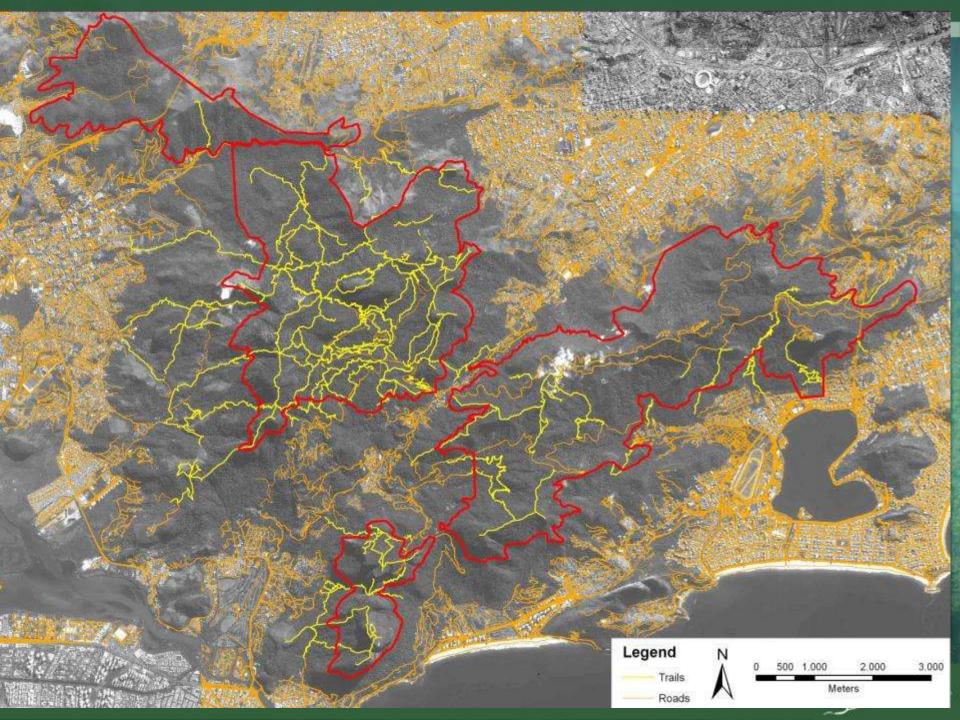


PowerTransmission Network





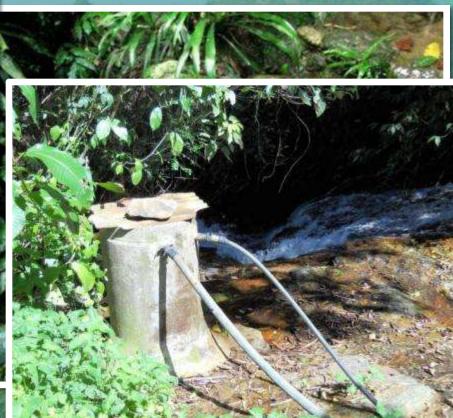




Water Inflow







<u>Inhabitants</u> <u>within the Park</u>





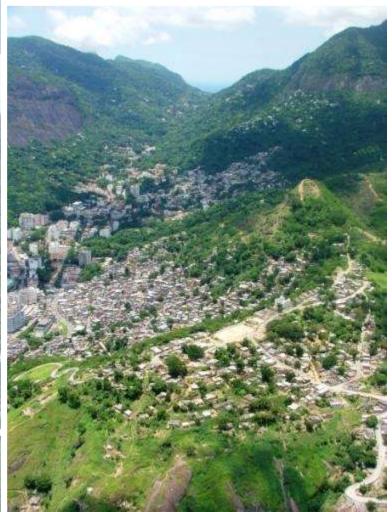




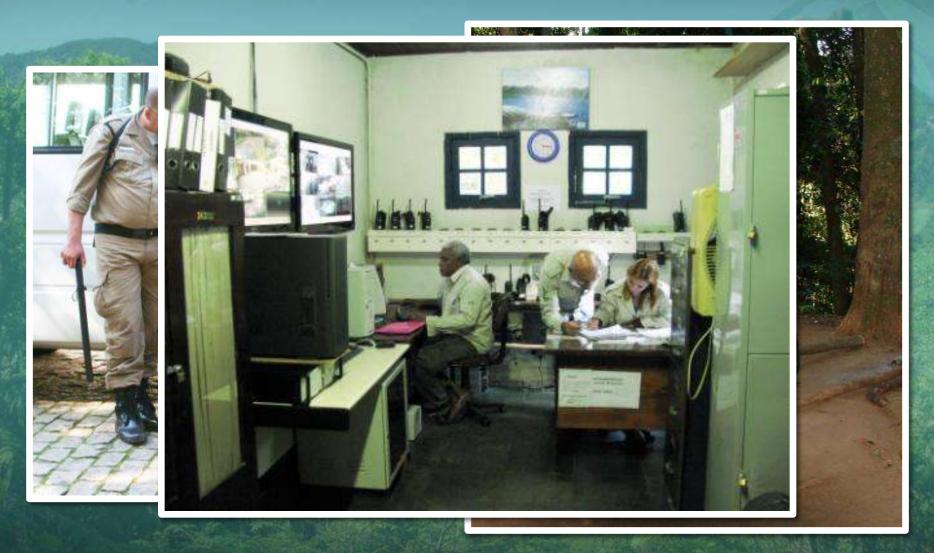


<u>Urban Pressure</u>





Short Staff





- ♦ Share Management (started in 1999)
 - - Creation of the Damping Zone
 - A Maintenance of the Consultive Council



Photos: Ruy Salaverry, Marco Terranova, Bernardo Issa, Eduardo Lage, Eduardo Saddi, Thiago Haussig and Alexandre Justino / Design: Carlos Affonso Mello





